

# Anolis trade-offs

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## Overview

Data to test trade-offs among functional / performance traits in Anolis lizards.

Each lizard underwent up to 2 observation sessions, each of which includes up to 5 repeats of bite force and sprint speed, and 1 of endurance.

Our random effects levels will therefore be an individual-level effect, a within-individual among-session effect (for bite force and sprint speed, but not endurance), as well as residual variation (within-individual, within-session).

For multivariate models, we should be able to model correlations at the among-individual level and the within-individual among-session level. We do not model residual covariances as bite force and sprint speed are not measured at the same time for each trial within an assay.

## Libraries and matrix functions

Load libraries:

```
library(asreml)
library(lme4)
library(tidyverse)
library(broom)
library(car)
library(RLRsim)
library(stringr)
```

Load a couple of matrix functions (first converts a vector to a matrix, given the upper triangle and the number of traits; second pulls out the id-related variance components from an asreml model and uses the previous function to return a matrix):

```
vecToMat <- function(X, n) {
  S <- diag(n)
  S[upper.tri(S, diag=TRUE)] <- X
  S <- S + t(S) - diag(diag(S))
  return(S)
}

getIMat <- function(asr_model, n) {

  # Extract variance components
  model_df <- data_frame(Var = row.names(summary(asr_model)$varcomp),
                        Num = summary(asr_model)$varcomp$component)

  model_df <- model_df %>%
    filter(substring(Var, 1, 9) == "trait:id!")

  return(vecToMat(model_df$Num, n)) ## Second value is number of traits
}
```

```
}
```

Create a quick function for standard error of the mean:

```
std_err <- function(x){  
  x <- x[!is.na(x)]  
  return(sd(x)/sqrt(length(x)))  
}
```

## Data

Load and take a quick look:

```
df_an_full <- read_csv("Data/Anolis mmm all data_corrected.csv")
```

```
## Parsed with column specification:  
## cols(  
##   id = col_character(),  
##   assay = col_character(),  
##   sex = col_character(),  
##   trial = col_character(),  
##   svl = col_double(),  
##   mass = col_double(),  
##   bite = col_double(),  
##   sprint = col_double(),  
##   endurance = col_double()  
## )
```

```
glimpse(df_an_full)
```

```
## Observations: 1,210  
## Variables: 9  
## $ id      <chr> "L1", "L1", "L1", "L1", "L1", "L1", "L1", "L1", "L1"...  
## $ assay   <chr> "a", "a", "a", "a", "a", "b", "b", "b", "b", "b", "a...  
## $ sex     <chr> "m", "m", "m", "m", "m", "m", "m", "m", "m", "m", "m...  
## $ trial   <chr> "a1", "a2", "a3", "a4", "a5", "b1", "b2", "b3", "b4"...  
## $ svl     <dbl> 70.15, 70.15, 70.15, 70.15, 70.15, 70.15, 70.15, 70.15, 70...  
## $ mass    <dbl> 6.77, 6.77, 6.77, 6.77, 6.77, 6.77, 6.77, 6.77, 6.77...  
## $ bite    <dbl> 12.80, 19.36, 11.55, 16.71, 16.78, 12.65, 12.01, 13...  
## $ sprint  <dbl> 0.5827506, 0.4051864, 0.6203474, 0.3429355, NA, 0.53...  
## $ endurance <dbl> 177.480, NA, NA, NA, NA, 288.104, NA, NA, NA, 15...
```

A bit of wrangling required – get numeric versions of assay (0,1) and trial (-2:2).

Create a new variable called 'id\_obs', which combines individual id with assay, enabling us to group repeated measures for an individual within a session (or assay) This means there are 3 variance levels to fit in each model (for bite and sprint, although not endurance):

- id = among-individual
- id\_obs = within-individual, among-assay
- residual = within-individual, within-assay

```
df_an_full <- df_an_full %>%  
  mutate(assay_num = ifelse(assay == "a", 0, 1),  
         trial_num = as.numeric(str_sub(trial,2,2)) - 3) %>%  
  unite(id_obs,
```

```
    id, assay,
    remove = FALSE) %>%
  arrange(sex, id)
```

We also create subsets for males and females for later use:

```
df_an_m <- df_an_full %>%
  filter(sex == "m")

df_an_f <- df_an_full %>%
  filter(sex == "f")
```

## Analysis

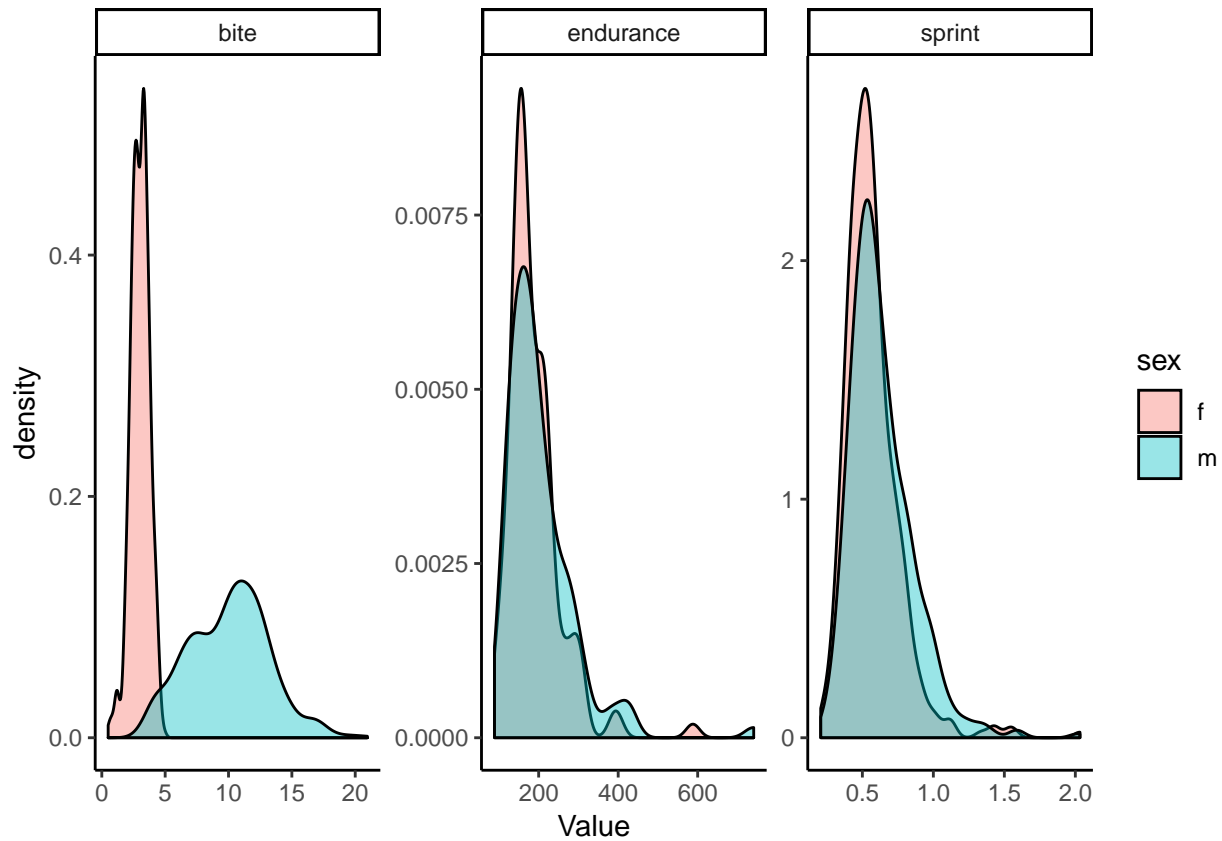
### Univariate

Use univariate models to check model assumptions and test for significance of among-individual variation.

Note that the distribution of bite force has sex-specific mean *and* variance, so modelling these separately for each sex may prove to be a better option.

```
df_an_full %>%
  select(sex, bite:endurance) %>%
  gather(Trait, Value,
         bite:endurance) %>%
  ggplot(., aes(x = Value, fill = sex)) +
  geom_density(alpha = 0.4) +
  facet_wrap(~Trait, scales = "free") +
  theme_classic()
```

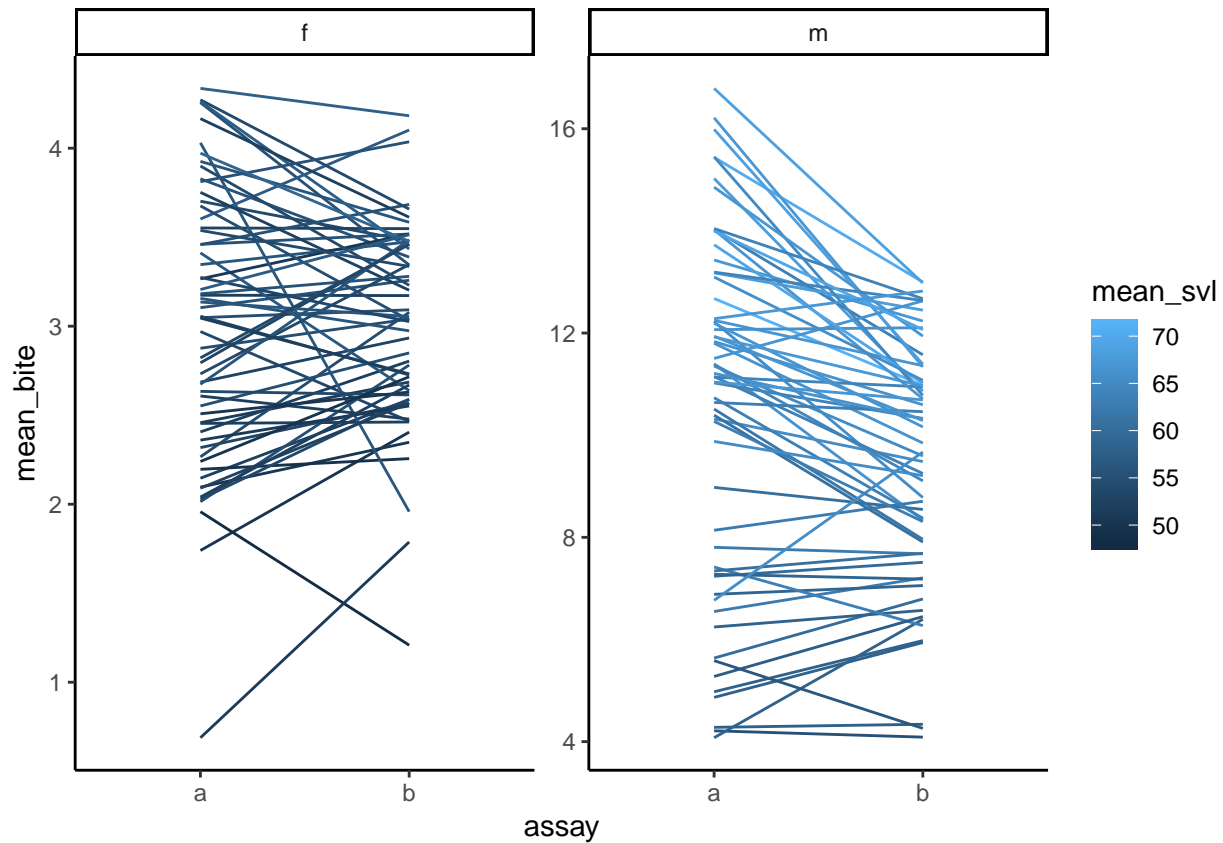
```
## Warning: Removed 1339 rows containing non-finite values (stat_density).
```



## Plots

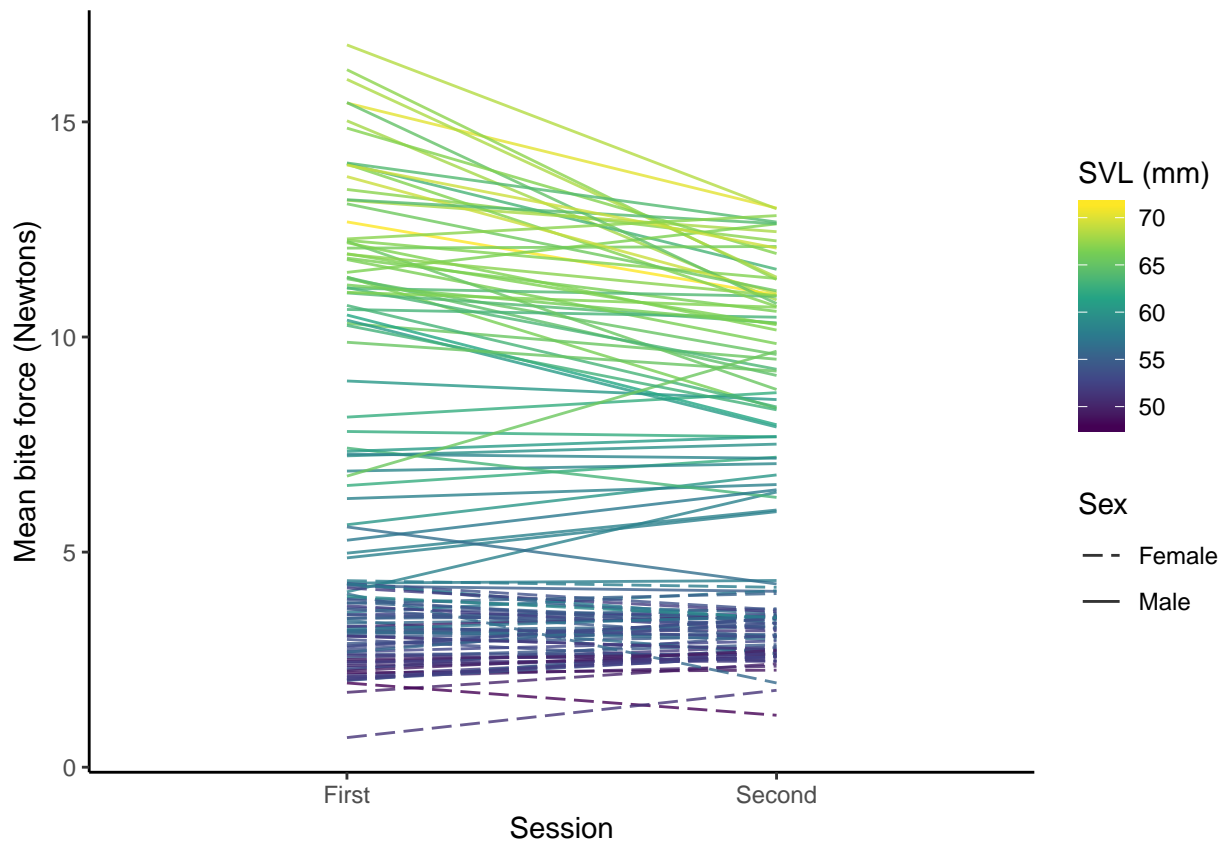
Plots of bite force show that there is a size x assay interaction in male lizards, where larger males tend to bite harder in the first assay relative to the second:

```
df_an_full %>%
  group_by(id, sex, assay) %>%
  summarise(mean_bite = mean(bite, na.rm = TRUE),
            sd_bite = sd(bite, na.rm = TRUE),
            mean_svl = mean(svl, na.rm = TRUE)) %>%
  ggplot(., aes(x = assay, y = mean_bite)) +
  geom_line(aes(group = id,
                colour = mean_svl)) +
  facet_wrap(~ sex, scales = "free") +
  theme_classic()
```



### Create plots of bite force plasticity for manuscript

```
df_an_full %>%
  group_by(id, sex, assay) %>%
  summarise(mean_bite = mean(bite, na.rm = TRUE),
            sd_bite = sd(bite, na.rm = TRUE),
            mean_svl = mean(svl, na.rm = TRUE)) %>%
  ggplot(., aes(x = assay, y = mean_bite)) +
  geom_line(aes(group = id,
                colour = mean_svl,
                linetype = sex),
            alpha = 0.8) +
  scale_linetype_manual(values = c("longdash", "solid"),
                       labels = c("Female", "Male"),
                       name = "Sex") +
  scale_colour_viridis_c(name = "SVL (mm)") +
  scale_x_discrete(breaks = c("a", "b"),
                  labels = c("First", "Second")) +
  labs(x = "Session",
       y = "Mean bite force (Newtons)") +
  theme_classic()
```



```
ggsave("bite-sessions.png", width = 7, height = 7)
```

```
pdf(file = "bite-sessions.pdf", width = 7, height = 7)
df_an_full %>%
  group_by(id, sex, assay) %>%
  summarise(mean_bite = mean(bite, na.rm = TRUE),
            sd_bite = sd(bite, na.rm = TRUE),
            mean_svl = mean(svl, na.rm = TRUE)) %>%
  ggplot(., aes(x = assay, y = mean_bite)) +
  geom_line(aes(group = id,
                colour = mean_svl,
                linetype = sex),
            alpha = 0.8) +
  scale_linetype_manual(values = c("longdash", "solid"),
                       labels = c("Female", "Male"),
                       name = "Sex") +
  scale_colour_viridis_c(name = "SVL (mm)") +
  scale_x_discrete(breaks = c("a", "b"),
                  labels = c("First", "Second")) +
  labs(x = "Session",
       y = "Mean bite force (Newtons)") +
  theme_classic()
dev.off()
```

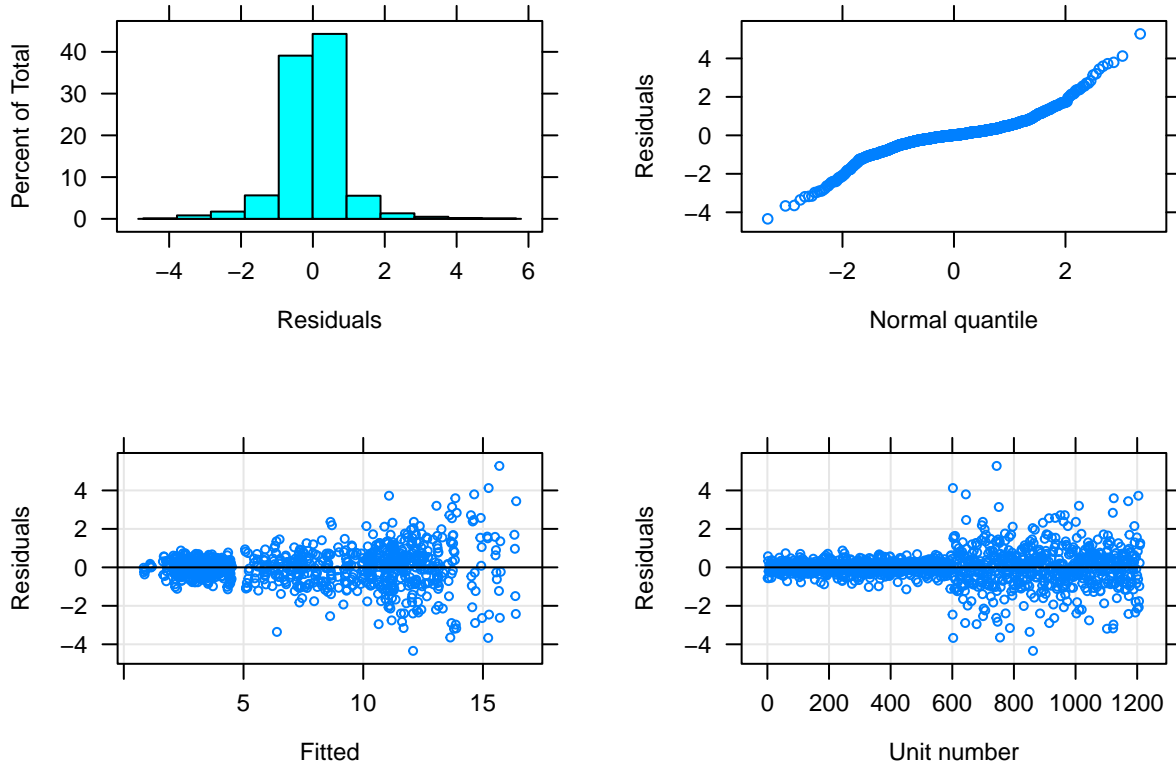
## Bite force

Fitting sex-specific variances (at all levels) is a better fit to the data than just sex-specific means:

Clearly there is a pattern in the residuals that needs to be dealt with (the above plots of distributions indicate this is due to sex-specific variation in bite force):

```
asr_bite_0 <- asreml(bite ~ sex + scale(sv1) + assay_num
                    + trial_num,
                    random = ~ id + id_obs,
                    rcov = ~ units,
                    maxiter = 200,
                    data = df_an_full)
```

```
plot(asr_bite_0)
```



```
asr_bite_1 <- asreml(bite ~ sex * scale(sv1) * assay_num
                    + trial_num,
                    random = ~ id + id_obs,
                    rcov = ~ units,
                    maxiter = 200,
                    data = df_an_full)
```

```
asr_bite_sexspec <- asreml(bite ~ sex * scale(sv1) * assay_num
                           + trial_num,
                           random = ~ idh(sex):id + idh(sex):id_obs,
                           rcov = ~ at(sex):units,
                           maxiter = 200,
                           data = df_an_full)
```

LRT on 3 df shows this is a much better fit to the data, with males having greater variance at each level (among-individual, within-individual among-assay, within-individual within-assay):

```
summary(asr_bite_1)$varcomp
```

```
##              gamma component  std.error  z.ratio constraint
## id!id.var      0.8321167 0.6996674 0.13637177 5.130588  Positive
## id_obs!id_obs.var 0.5107499 0.4294530 0.07876377 5.452418  Positive
## R!variance      1.0000000 0.8408284 0.03841722 21.886757  Positive
```

```
summary(asr_bite_sexspec)$varcomp
```

```
##              gamma component  std.error  z.ratio constraint
## sex:id!sex.f    0.14097359 0.14097359 0.041387127 3.406218  Positive
## sex:id!sex.m    1.24909696 1.24909696 0.340678118 3.666502  Positive
## sex:id_obs!sex.f 0.12095257 0.12095257 0.026202047 4.616150  Positive
## sex:id_obs!sex.m 0.73264059 0.73264059 0.194670128 3.763498  Positive
## sex_f!variance  0.09946052 0.09946052 0.006446167 15.429405  Positive
## sex_m!variance  1.57297460 1.57297460 0.101320474 15.524746  Positive
```

```
pchisq(2*(asr_bite_sexspec$loglik - asr_bite_1$loglik), 3, lower.tail = FALSE)
```

```
## [1] 8.161275e-178
```

```
2*(asr_bite_sexspec$loglik - asr_bite_1$loglik)
```

```
## [1] 821.7838
```

Fixed effects also show that there is a significant 3-way interaction between sex, body size and assay. As in the plot above, heavier males bite harder, but this effect is reduced in the second assay:

```
summary(asr_bite_sexspec, all = TRUE)$coef.fixed
```

```
##              solution  std error  z ratio
## sex_f:scale(sv1):assay_num 0.00000000 NA NA
## sex_m:scale(sv1):assay_num -1.05716224 0.352998014 -2.9948107
## scale(sv1):assay_num -0.34694598 0.183363323 -1.8921231
## sex_f:assay_num 0.00000000 NA NA
## sex_m:assay_num 0.35313638 0.361103145 0.9779377
## sex_f:scale(sv1) 0.00000000 NA NA
## sex_m:scale(sv1) 3.40106349 0.365160549 9.3138854
## trial_num -0.01612074 0.008873125 -1.8168054
## assay_num -0.28686591 0.173044300 -1.6577599
## scale(sv1) 1.25773589 0.183340231 6.8601194
## sex_f 0.00000000 NA NA
## sex_m 2.53936104 0.374257517 6.7850636
## (Intercept) 4.09459643 0.173056559 23.6604522
```

```
asr_bite_sexspec_wald <- wald(asr_bite_sexspec, denDF = "numeric", ssType = "conditional")
```

```
asr_bite_sexspec_wald
```

```
## $Wald
##              Df denDF  F.inc  F.con Margin Pr
## (Intercept) 1 71.9 4523.000 913.40000 1.328730e-42
## sex 1 116.8 1514.000 175.40000 A 5.195321e-25
## scale(sv1) 1 92.5 169.200 169.30000 A 1.291001e-22
## assay_num 1 73.6 3.677 3.67900 A 5.898511e-02
## trial_num 1 537.1 3.365 3.30100 C 6.980410e-02
## sex:scale(sv1) 1 93.7 80.700 80.75000 B 2.697356e-14
## sex:assay_num 1 116.5 33.350 0.02909 B 8.648660e-01
```



```
## scale(sv1):assay_num      1  96.0   16.280  16.28000      B 1.097499e-04
## sex:scale(sv1):assay_num  1  96.7    8.969   8.96900      C 3.487631e-03
##
## $stratumVariances
## NULL
```

Given the differences in variances across males and females, we use sex-specific models to test the significance of among-individual variance in bite force:

## Males

```
asr_bite_m <- asreml(bite ~ scale(sv1) * assay_num
                    + trial_num,
                    random =~ id + id_obs,
                    rcov =~ units,
                    maxiter = 200,
                    data = df_an_m)

asr_bite_m_testid <- asreml(bite ~ scale(sv1) * assay_num
                            + trial_num,
                            random =~ id_obs,
                            rcov =~ units,
                            maxiter = 200,
                            data = df_an_m)
```

```
summary(asr_bite_m)$varcomp
```

```
##              gamma component std.error  z.ratio constraint
## id!id.var      0.7926628 1.2492239 0.3407045  3.666591  Positive
## id_obs!id_obs.var 0.4644991 0.7320432 0.1946790  3.760257  Positive
## R!variance      1.0000000 1.5759841 0.1016132 15.509634  Positive
```

```
0.5*pchisq(2*(asr_bite_m$loglik - asr_bite_m_testid$loglik), 1, lower.tail = FALSE)
```

```
## [1] 2.800069e-06
2*(asr_bite_m$loglik - asr_bite_m_testid$loglik)
```

```
## [1] 20.62022
```

## Females

```
asr_bite_f <- asreml(bite ~ scale(sv1) * assay_num
                    + trial_num,
                    random =~ id + id_obs,
                    rcov =~ units,
                    maxiter = 200,
                    data = df_an_f)

asr_bite_f_testid <- asreml(bite ~ scale(sv1) * assay_num
                            + trial_num,
                            random =~ id_obs,
                            rcov =~ units,
                            maxiter = 200,
                            data = df_an_f)
```

```
summary(asr_bite_f)$varcomp

##              gamma component  std.error  z.ratio constraint
## id!id.var      1.417191 0.14097202 0.041386961 3.406194 Positive
## id_obs!id_obs.var 1.215920 0.12095101 0.026202232 4.616057 Positive
## R!variance      1.000000 0.09947284 0.006447365 15.428449 Positive
0.5*pchisq(2*(asr_bite_f$loglik - asr_bite_f_testid$loglik), 1, lower.tail = FALSE)

## [1] 2.193153e-05
2*(asr_bite_f$loglik - asr_bite_f_testid$loglik)

## [1] 16.69645
```

## Results

Males show higher bite force than females, and among males there is a strong effect of size: larger males bite harder, although this effect decreases from the first assay to the second.

Males and females show significant differences in bite force variance. We find significant among-individual variance in bite force for both males and females.

*Short-term repeatability* is the ratio of individual plus individual-assay variance to total phenotypic variance (after adjusting for fixed effects):

### Female

```
nadiv:::pin(asr_bite_sexspec, short_R_bite_f ~ (V1+V3)/(V1+V3+V5))
```

```
##              Estimate      SE
## short_R_bite_f 0.7247809 0.03153259
```

### Male

```
nadiv:::pin(asr_bite_sexspec, short_R_bite_m ~ (V2+V4)/(V2+V4+V6))
```

```
##              Estimate      SE
## short_R_bite_m 0.5574959 0.04248538
```

*Long-term repeatability* is the ratio of individual variance to total phenotypic variance (after adjusting for fixed effects):

### Female

```
nadiv:::pin(asr_bite_sexspec, long_R_bite_f ~ (V1)/(V1+V3+V5))
```

```
##              Estimate      SE
## long_R_bite_f 0.3900907 0.08322735
```

### Male

```
nadiv:::pin(asr_bite_sexspec, long_R_bite_m ~ (V2)/(V2+V4+V6))
```

```
##              Estimate      SE
## long_R_bite_m 0.3513919 0.07007399
```

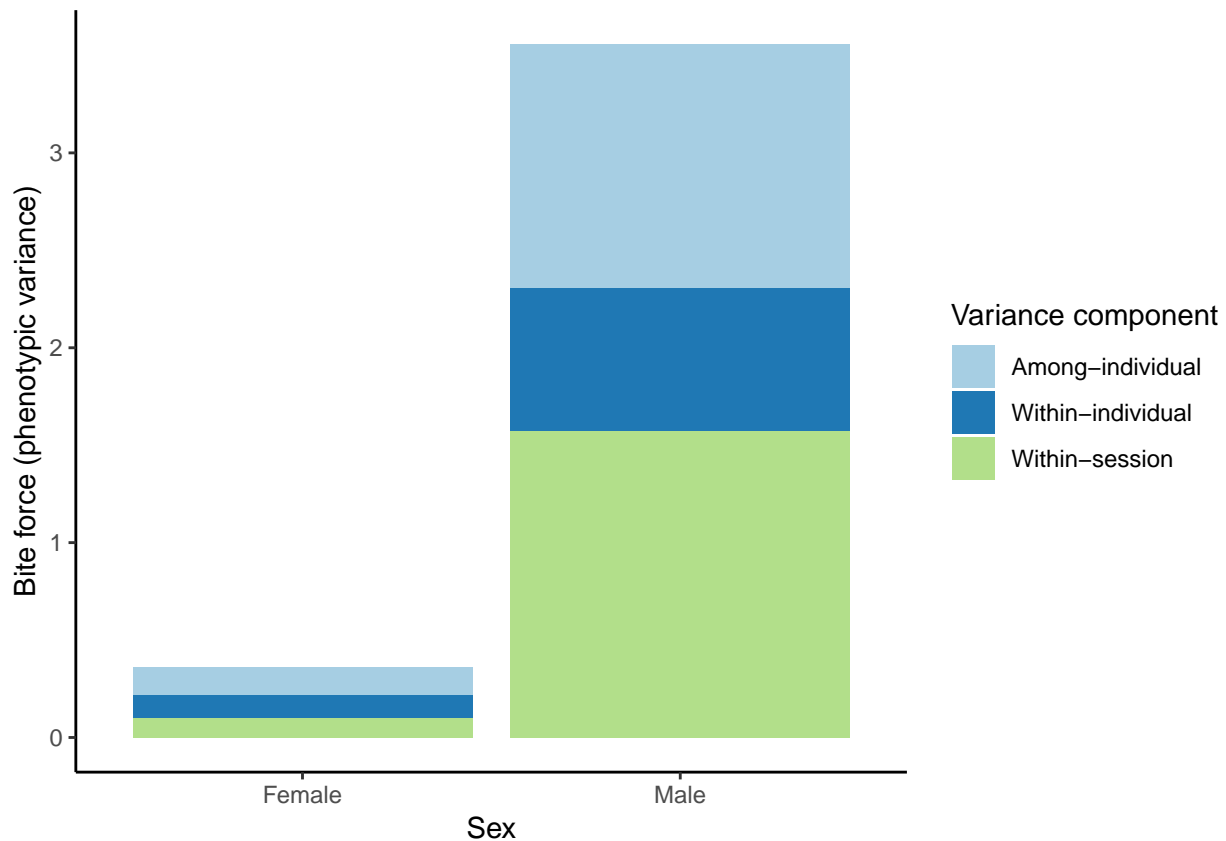
Save figures of variance component proportions, for males and females separately:

```
data_frame(Sex = rep(c("Female","Male"),times = 3),
            Component = rep(c("Among-individual","Within-individual","Within-session"),each=2),
            Variance = summary(asr_bite_sexspec)$varcomp[, "component"]) %>%
```

```

ggplot(., aes(x = Sex, y = Variance, fill = Component)) +
  geom_bar(stat = "identity") +
  ylab("Bite force (phenotypic variance)") +
  scale_fill_manual(values = c("#a6cee3",
                              "#1f78b4",
                              "#b2df8a"),
                    name = "Variance component") +
  #scale_fill_viridis_d() +
  theme_classic()

```



```
ggsave("varcomp.png")
```

```
## Saving 6.5 x 4.5 in image
```

```

pdf(file = "varcomp.pdf", width = 7, height = 7)
data_frame(Sex = rep(c("Female","Male"),times = 3),
            Component = rep(c("Among-individual","Within-individual","Within-session"),each=2),
            Variance = summary(asr_bite_sexspec)$varcomp[, "component"]) %>%
  ggplot(., aes(x = Sex, y = Variance, fill = Component)) +
  geom_bar(stat = "identity") +
  ylab("Bite force (phenotypic variance)") +
  scale_fill_manual(values = c("#a6cee3",
                              "#1f78b4",
                              "#b2df8a"),
                    name = "Variance component") +
  #scale_fill_viridis_d() +
  theme_classic()
dev.off()

```

## Sprint

Given the above, first just check that males and females do not have different variances (although unlikely based on density plots of the raw data):

```
df_an_full %>%
  group_by(sex) %>%
  summarise(mean_sprint = mean(sprint, na.rm = TRUE),
            se_sprint = std_err(sprint))

## # A tibble: 2 x 3
##   sex   mean_sprint se_sprint
##   <chr>         <dbl>     <dbl>
## 1 f             0.570   0.00998
## 2 m             0.636   0.0106

asr_sprint_3 <- asreml(log(sprint) ~ sex + scale(sv1) + assay_num
                      + trial_num,
                      random = ~ id + id_obs,
                      rcov = ~ units,
                      maxiter = 200,
                      data = df_an_full)

summary(asr_sprint_3, all = TRUE)$coef.fixed

asr_sprint_3_wald <- wald(asr_sprint_3, denDF = "numeric", ssType = "conditional")

asr_sprint_3_wald
```

```
## $Wald
##           Df denDF   F.inc   F.con Margin      Pr
## (Intercept) 1 115.4 959.3000 476.8000      8.566345e-43
## sex          1 114.5   6.8240   0.7726      A 3.812446e-01
## scale(sv1)  1 117.5   0.3354   0.1781      A 6.737950e-01
## assay_num   1 117.0  35.5300  36.3700      A 1.956137e-08
## trial_num   1 656.1   1.1170   1.1170      A 2.908760e-01
##
## $stratumVariances
##           df  Variance      id  id_obs R!variance
## id          119.0063 0.26281565 6.374933 3.297897      1
## id_obs      115.6933 0.14087152 0.000000 3.309809      1
## R!variance 609.3003 0.05332911 0.000000 0.000000      1
```

```
asr_sprint_sexspec <- asreml(log(sprint) ~ sex + scale(sv1) + assay_num
                             + trial_num,
                             random = ~ idh(sex):id + idh(sex):id_obs,
                             rcov = ~ at(sex):units,
                             maxiter = 200,
                             data = df_an_full)
```

LRT on 3 df shows this is not a better fit to the data:

```
summary(asr_sprint_3)$varcomp

##           gamma component  std.error  z.ratio constraint
## id!id.var      0.3596181 0.01917811 0.006078179 3.155240  Positive
## id_obs!id_obs.var 0.4959652 0.02644938 0.005671672 4.663419  Positive
```

```

## R!variance      1.0000000 0.05332911 0.003055369 17.454230 Positive
summary(asr_sprint_sexspec)$varcomp

##              gamma component  std.error  z.ratio constraint
## sex:id!sex.f   0.01936997 0.01936997 0.008634056 2.243438 Positive
## sex:id!sex.m   0.01905365 0.01905365 0.008709547 2.187674 Positive
## sex:id_obs!sex.f 0.02459368 0.02459368 0.008032773 3.061668 Positive
## sex:id_obs!sex.m 0.02819408 0.02819408 0.008364042 3.370867 Positive
## sex_f!variance 0.05351557 0.05351557 0.004485555 11.930647 Positive
## sex_m!variance 0.05316585 0.05316585 0.004174189 12.736807 Positive
pchisq(2*(asr_sprint_sexspec$loglik - asr_sprint_3$loglik), 3, lower.tail = FALSE)

## [1] 0.9915409
2*(asr_sprint_sexspec$loglik - asr_sprint_3$loglik)

## [1] 0.1024572
asr_sprint_3_testid <- asreml(log(sprint) ~ sex + scale(sv1) + assay_num
                             + trial_num,
                             random =~ id_obs,
                             rcov =~ units,
                             maxiter = 200,
                             data = df_an_full)

summary(asr_sprint_3)$varcomp

##              gamma component  std.error  z.ratio constraint
## id!id.var      0.3596181 0.01917811 0.006078179 3.155240 Positive
## id_obs!id_obs.var 0.4959652 0.026444938 0.005671672 4.663419 Positive
## R!variance     1.0000000 0.05332911 0.003055369 17.454230 Positive
0.5*pchisq(2*(asr_sprint_3$loglik - asr_sprint_3_testid$loglik), 1, lower.tail = FALSE)

## [1] 0.0004186532
2*(asr_sprint_3$loglik - asr_sprint_3_testid$loglik)

## [1] 11.15666
Short-term repeatability
nadv:::pin(asr_sprint_3, short_R ~ (V1+V2)/(V1+V2+V3))

##      Estimate      SE
## short_R 0.4610859 0.03788123
Long-term repeatability
nadv:::pin(asr_sprint_3, long_R ~ (V1)/(V1+V2+V3))

##      Estimate      SE
## long_R 0.1938033 0.05573822

```

## Endurance

As above, first just check that males and females do not have different variances (although unlikely based on density plots of the raw data):

```
df_an_full %>%
  group_by(sex) %>%
  summarise(mean_endurance = mean(endurance, na.rm = TRUE),
            se_endurance = std_err(endurance))
```

```
## # A tibble: 2 x 3
##   sex    mean_endurance se_endurance
##   <chr>      <dbl>         <dbl>
## 1 f            188.           6.16
## 2 m            203.           7.82
```

```
asr_end_3 <- asreml(log(endurance) ~ sex + scale(sv1) + assay_num,
                  random =~ id,
                  rcov =~ units,
                  maxiter = 200,
                  data = df_an_full)
```

```
summary(asr_end_3, all = TRUE)$coef.fixed
```

```
asr_end_3_wald <- wald(asr_end_3, denDF = "numeric", ssType = "conditional")
```

```
asr_end_3_wald
```

```
## $Wald
##           Df denDF      F.inc      F.con Margin      Pr
## (Intercept) 1 117.0 62390.000 33500.000      1.055044e-145
## sex          1 116.7   1.957    9.556      A 2.493357e-03
## scale(sv1)  1 117.3   19.540   19.630      A 2.122746e-05
## assay_num   1 119.0    3.554    3.554      A 6.183129e-02
##
## $stratumVariances
##           df  Variance      id R!variance
## id          118.5208 0.10502539 1.981415      1
## R!variance 118.4792 0.09421128 0.000000      1
```

```
asr_end_sexspec <- asreml(log(endurance) ~ sex + scale(sv1) + assay_num
                        + trial_num,
                        random =~ idh(sex):id,
                        rcov =~ units,
                        maxiter = 200,
                        data = df_an_full)
```

LRT on 3 df shows this is not a better fit to the data:

```
summary(asr_end_3)$varcomp
```

```
##           gamma component  std.error  z.ratio constraint
## id!id.var 0.05793119 0.005457771 0.009250589 0.5899918 Positive
## R!variance 1.00000000 0.094211283 0.012240433 7.6967278 Positive
```

```
summary(asr_end_sexspec)$varcomp
```

```
##           gamma component  std.error  z.ratio constraint
## sex:id!sex.f 4.677277e-08 4.307050e-09 4.569749e-10 9.425136 Boundary
## sex:id!sex.m 1.634694e-01 1.505300e-02 1.223735e-02 1.230087 Positive
## R!variance 1.000000e+00 9.208456e-02 9.770105e-03 9.425136 Positive
```

```
0.5*pchisq(2*(asr_end_sexspec$loglik - asr_end_3$loglik), 1, lower.tail = FALSE)
```

```
## [1] 0.1085942
```

```
2*(asr_end_sexspec$loglik - asr_end_3$loglik)
```

```
## [1] 1.522852
```

```
asr_end_3_testid <- asreml(log(endurance) ~ sex + scale(svl) + assay_num,  
                          rcov = ~ units,  
                          maxiter = 200,  
                          data = df_an_full)
```

```
0.5*pchisq(2*(asr_end_3$loglik - asr_end_3_testid$loglik), 1, lower.tail = FALSE)
```

```
## [1] 0.278295
```

```
2*(asr_end_3$loglik - asr_end_3_testid$loglik)
```

```
## [1] 0.3456431
```

## Multivariate

Do logging and scaling in data frame so that sex-specific models are comparable:

```
df_an_full_sc <- df_an_full %>%  
  mutate(bite = bite/sd(bite, na.rm=TRUE),  
         sprint = log(sprint)/sd(log(sprint), na.rm=TRUE),  
         endurance = log(endurance)/sd(log(endurance), na.rm=TRUE))
```

```
df_an_sc_m <- df_an_full_sc %>% filter(sex == "m")
```

```
df_an_sc_f <- df_an_full_sc %>% filter(sex == "f")
```

Set up some (co)variance / correlation structures for the multivariate models.

First one is for among-individual level, as we don't have any among-individual variance in endurance. We therefore set that to (very close to) zero, and any correlations involving endurance at that level are set to 0.

Second is for the residual (within-individual within-assay) variance, where we estimate this for bite and sprint only (fixing endurance to very close to 0).

```
init_I_cor <- c(0.1,  
              0,0,  
              1,1,1e-8)  
  
names(init_I_cor) <- c("U", "F", "F",  
                    "P", "P", "F")
```

```
init_R_idh <- c(1,1,1e-8)
```

```
names(init_R_idh) <- c("P", "P", "F")
```

## Female

Full model:

```

asr_mv_bse_f_1 <- asreml(cbind(bite, sprint, endurance) ~ trait +
  trait:(scale(sv1) + assay_num) +
  at(trait,1:2):(trial_num),
  random =~ corgh(trait, init=init_I_cor):id +
  us(trait):id_obs,
  rcov =~ units:indh(trait, init = init_R_idh),
  data = df_an_sc_f)

```

```
summary(asr_mv_bse_f_1)$varcomp
```

	gamma	component
##		
## trait:id!trait.sprint:!trait.bite.cor	-0.463424520	-0.463424520
## trait:id!trait.endurance:!trait.bite.cor	0.000000000	0.000000000
## trait:id!trait.endurance:!trait.sprint.cor	0.000000000	0.000000000
## trait:id!trait.bite	0.007975970	0.007975970
## trait:id!trait.sprint	0.172912109	0.172912109
## trait:id!trait.endurance	0.000000010	0.000000010
## trait:id_obs!trait.bite:bite	0.007074624	0.007074624
## trait:id_obs!trait.sprint:bite	-0.002657024	-0.002657024
## trait:id_obs!trait.sprint:sprint	0.221977338	0.221977338
## trait:id_obs!trait.endurance:bite	0.017198452	0.017198452
## trait:id_obs!trait.endurance:sprint	-0.083371741	-0.083371741
## trait:id_obs!trait.endurance:endurance	0.829327437	0.829327437
## R!variance	1.000000000	1.000000000
## R!trait.bite	0.005655357	0.005655357
## R!trait.sprint	0.506795179	0.506795179
## R!trait.endurance	0.000000010	0.000000010
##	std.error	z.ratio
## trait:id!trait.sprint:!trait.bite.cor	0.2376868440	-1.9497273
## trait:id!trait.endurance:!trait.bite.cor	NA	NA
## trait:id!trait.endurance:!trait.sprint.cor	NA	NA
## trait:id!trait.bite	0.0023260615	3.4289593
## trait:id!trait.sprint	0.0776712391	2.2262051
## trait:id!trait.endurance	NA	NA
## trait:id_obs!trait.bite:bite	0.0014881873	4.7538529
## trait:id_obs!trait.sprint:bite	0.0073045424	-0.3637495
## trait:id_obs!trait.sprint:sprint	0.0735554352	3.0178237
## trait:id_obs!trait.endurance:bite	0.0093918365	1.8312128
## trait:id_obs!trait.endurance:sprint	0.0605036334	-1.3779626
## trait:id_obs!trait.endurance:endurance	0.1088889266	7.6162697
## R!variance	NA	NA
## R!trait.bite	0.0003665533	15.4284702
## R!trait.sprint	0.0424749980	11.9316116
## R!trait.endurance	NA	NA
##	constraint	
## trait:id!trait.sprint:!trait.bite.cor	Unconstrained	
## trait:id!trait.endurance:!trait.bite.cor	Fixed	
## trait:id!trait.endurance:!trait.sprint.cor	Fixed	
## trait:id!trait.bite	Positive	
## trait:id!trait.sprint	Positive	
## trait:id!trait.endurance	Fixed	
## trait:id_obs!trait.bite:bite	Positive	
## trait:id_obs!trait.sprint:bite	Positive	
## trait:id_obs!trait.sprint:sprint	Positive	



```
## trait:id_obs!trait.endurance:bite          Positive
## trait:id_obs!trait.endurance:sprint       Positive
## trait:id_obs!trait.endurance:endurance    Positive
## R!variance                                Fixed
## R!trait.bite                              Positive
## R!trait.sprint                            Positive
## R!trait.endurance                         Fixed
```

```
nadiv:::pin(asr_mv_bse_f_1, r ~ V8/(sqrt(V7)*sqrt(V9)))
```

```
##      Estimate      SE
## r -0.06704856 0.1836386
```

```
nadiv:::pin(asr_mv_bse_f_1, r ~ V10/(sqrt(V7)*sqrt(V12)))
```

```
##      Estimate      SE
## r 0.2245302 0.1167944
```

```
nadiv:::pin(asr_mv_bse_f_1, r ~ V11/(sqrt(V12)*sqrt(V9)))
```

```
##      Estimate      SE
## r -0.1943129 0.1351551
```

Bite and sprint only for testing hypotheses / looking at covariances:

```
asr_mv_bs_f_1 <- asreml(cbind(bite, sprint) ~ trait +
  trait:(scale(sv1) + assay_num) +
  at(trait,1:2):(trial_num),
  random =~ us(trait):id +
  us(trait):id_obs,
  rcov =~ units:indh(trait),
  data = df_an_sc_f)
```

```
summary(asr_mv_bs_f_1)$varcomp
```

```
##              gamma    component  std.error
## trait:id!trait.bite:bite    0.007839918  0.007839918  0.0023613468
## trait:id!trait.sprint:bite  -0.019476098 -0.019476098  0.0099477615
## trait:id!trait.sprint:sprint 0.196506998  0.196506998  0.0802755894
## trait:id_obs!trait.bite:bite 0.007226165  0.007226165  0.0015415726
## trait:id_obs!trait.sprint:bite -0.001039942 -0.001039942  0.0072168090
## trait:id_obs!trait.sprint:sprint 0.205563767  0.205563767  0.0696987642
## R!variance                1.000000000  1.000000000  NA
## R!trait.bite                0.005655438  0.005655438  0.0003665611
## R!trait.sprint              0.506512315  0.506512315  0.0424384222
##
##              z.ratio constraint
## trait:id!trait.bite:bite    3.320105  Positive
## trait:id!trait.sprint:bite  -1.957837  Positive
## trait:id!trait.sprint:sprint 2.447905  Positive
## trait:id_obs!trait.bite:bite 4.687528  Positive
## trait:id_obs!trait.sprint:bite -0.144100  Positive
## trait:id_obs!trait.sprint:sprint 2.949317  Positive
## R!variance                NA      Fixed
## R!trait.bite                15.428365  Positive
## R!trait.sprint              11.935230  Positive
```

## Male

```
asr_mv_bse_m_1 <- asreml(cbind(bite, sprint, endurance) ~ trait +
  at(trait,1):(scale(sv1) * assay_num) +
  at(trait,2:3):(scale(sv1) + assay_num) +
  trait:trial_num,
  random =~ corgh(trait, init=init_I_cor):id +
  us(trait):id_obs,
  rcov =~ units:indh(trait, init = init_R_idh),
  data = df_an_sc_m,
  maxiter = 200)
```

```
summary(asr_mv_bse_m_1)$varcomp
```

##	gamma	component
## trait:id!trait.sprint:!trait.bite.cor	-0.061908055	-0.061908055
## trait:id!trait.endurance:!trait.bite.cor	0.000000000	0.000000000
## trait:id!trait.endurance:!trait.sprint.cor	0.000000000	0.000000000
## trait:id!trait.bite	0.071274315	0.071274315
## trait:id!trait.sprint	0.182562494	0.182562494
## trait:id!trait.endurance	0.000000010	0.000000010
## trait:id_obs!trait.bite:bite	0.041585255	0.041585255
## trait:id_obs!trait.sprint:bite	-0.009107093	-0.009107093
## trait:id_obs!trait.sprint:sprint	0.244261274	0.244261274
## trait:id_obs!trait.endurance:bite	0.029035441	0.029035441
## trait:id_obs!trait.endurance:sprint	-0.054517338	-0.054517338
## trait:id_obs!trait.endurance:endurance	1.006787663	1.006787663
## R!variance	1.000000000	1.000000000
## R!trait.bite	0.089595623	0.089595623
## R!trait.sprint	0.504995509	0.504995509
## R!trait.endurance	0.000000010	0.000000010
##	std.error	z.ratio
## trait:id!trait.sprint:!trait.bite.cor	0.24084416	-0.2570461
## trait:id!trait.endurance:!trait.bite.cor	NA	NA
## trait:id!trait.endurance:!trait.sprint.cor	NA	NA
## trait:id!trait.bite	0.01931506	3.6900896
## trait:id!trait.sprint	0.07990563	2.2847263
## trait:id!trait.endurance	NA	NA
## trait:id_obs!trait.bite:bite	0.01102136	3.7731501
## trait:id_obs!trait.sprint:bite	0.02025641	-0.4495907
## trait:id_obs!trait.sprint:sprint	0.07471519	3.2692320
## trait:id_obs!trait.endurance:bite	0.02874448	1.0101222
## trait:id_obs!trait.endurance:sprint	0.06790594	-0.8028361
## trait:id_obs!trait.endurance:endurance	0.13052019	7.7136543
## R!variance	NA	NA
## R!trait.bite	0.00577664	15.5099902
## R!trait.sprint	0.03967145	12.7294445
## R!trait.endurance	NA	NA
##	constraint	
## trait:id!trait.sprint:!trait.bite.cor	Unconstrained	
## trait:id!trait.endurance:!trait.bite.cor	Fixed	
## trait:id!trait.endurance:!trait.sprint.cor	Fixed	
## trait:id!trait.bite	Positive	
## trait:id!trait.sprint	Positive	

```
## trait:id!trait.endurance          Fixed
## trait:id_obs!trait.bite:bite      Positive
## trait:id_obs!trait.sprint:bite    Positive
## trait:id_obs!trait.sprint:sprint  Positive
## trait:id_obs!trait.endurance:bite Positive
## trait:id_obs!trait.endurance:sprint Positive
## trait:id_obs!trait.endurance:endurance Positive
## R!variance                        Fixed
## R!trait.bite                      Positive
## R!trait.sprint                    Positive
## R!trait.endurance                 Fixed
```

```
nadiv:::pin(asr_mv_bse_m_1, r ~ V8/(sqrt(V7)*sqrt(V9)))
```

```
##      Estimate      SE
## r -0.09036137 0.1993679
```

```
nadiv:::pin(asr_mv_bse_m_1, r ~ V10/(sqrt(V7)*sqrt(V12)))
```

```
##      Estimate      SE
## r 0.1419024 0.1381426
```

```
nadiv:::pin(asr_mv_bse_m_1, r ~ V11/(sqrt(V12)*sqrt(V9)))
```

```
##      Estimate      SE
## r -0.1099356 0.1341958
```

Bite and sprint only for testing hypotheses / looking at covariances:

```
asr_mv_bs_m_1 <- asreml(cbind(bite, sprint) ~ trait +
  at(trait,1):(scale(sv1) * assay_num) +
  at(trait,2):(scale(sv1) + assay_num) +
  trait:trial_num,
  random =~ us(trait):id +
  us(trait):id_obs,
  rcov =~ units:indh(trait),
  data = df_an_sc_m)
```

```
summary(asr_mv_bs_m_1)$varcomp
```

```
##              gamma  component  std.error
## trait:id!trait.bite:bite    0.071027874  0.071027874  0.019371833
## trait:id!trait.sprint:bite -0.010815447 -0.010815447  0.027924755
## trait:id!trait.sprint:sprint 0.199051567  0.199051567  0.080924169
## trait:id_obs!trait.bite:bite  0.041625289  0.041625289  0.011069371
## trait:id_obs!trait.sprint:bite -0.006258249 -0.006258249  0.019854151
## trait:id_obs!trait.sprint:sprint 0.232331062  0.232331062  0.071760253
## R!variance                1.000000000  1.000000000  NA
## R!trait.bite              0.089598305  0.089598305  0.005776894
## R!trait.sprint            0.505168884  0.505168884  0.039690534
##
##              z.ratio constraint
## trait:id!trait.bite:bite    3.6665541  Positive
## trait:id!trait.sprint:bite -0.3873068  Positive
## trait:id!trait.sprint:sprint 2.4597295  Positive
## trait:id_obs!trait.bite:bite 3.7604024  Positive
## trait:id_obs!trait.sprint:bite -0.3152111  Positive
## trait:id_obs!trait.sprint:sprint 3.2376009  Positive
## R!variance                NA      Fixed
```

```
## R!trait.bite          15.5097722   Positive
## R!trait.sprint      12.7276919   Positive
```

## Bivariate models for hypothesis testing

We create a correlation structure for testing bivariate relationships, where we estimate both variances but set the correlation to 0:

```
init_biv0 <- c(0,
              1,1)
names(init_biv0) <- c("F","P","P")
```

### Bite force / sprint

Male

```
asr_mv_bs_m_testcor <- asreml(cbind(bite, sprint) ~ trait +
                             at(trait,1):(scale(sv1) * assay_num) +
                             at(trait,2):(scale(sv1) + assay_num) +
                             trait:trial_num,
                             random =~ corgh(trait, init=init_biv0):id +
                             us(trait):id_obs,
                             rcov =~ units:indh(trait),
                             data = df_an_sc_m)
```

```
pchisq(2*(asr_mv_bs_m_1$loglik - asr_mv_bs_m_testcor$loglik), 1, lower.tail = FALSE)
```

```
## [1] 0.699224
```

Female

```
asr_mv_bs_f_testcor <- asreml(cbind(bite, sprint) ~ trait +
                             trait:(scale(sv1) + assay_num) +
                             at(trait,1:2):(trial_num),
                             random =~ corgh(trait, init=init_biv0):id +
                             us(trait):id_obs,
                             rcov =~ units:indh(trait),
                             data = df_an_sc_f)
```

```
pchisq(2*(asr_mv_bs_f_1$loglik - asr_mv_bs_f_testcor$loglik), 1, lower.tail = FALSE)
```

```
## [1] 0.03822563
```

### Sprint / endurance

This residual structure means we estimate only the first variance, the other is set to almost zero, and there is no covariance:

```
init_1re <- c(0.2,1e-8)
names(init_1re) <- c("P","F")
```

```
asr_mv_se_f_1 <- asreml(cbind(sprint, endurance) ~ trait +
                       trait:(scale(sv1) + assay_num) +
                       at(trait,1):(trial_num),
                       random =~ idh(trait, init=init_1re):id +
                       us(trait):id_obs,
```

```

rcov =~ units:indh(trait, init=init_1re),
data = df_an_sc_f,
maxiter = 200)

asr_mv_se_f_testidobs <- asreml(cbind(sprint, endurance) ~ trait +
  trait:(scale(svl) + assay_num) +
  at(trait,1):(trial_num),
  random =~ idh(trait, init=init_1re):id +
  idh(trait):id_obs,
  rcov =~ units:indh(trait, init=init_1re),
  data = df_an_sc_f,
  maxiter = 200)

pchisq(2*(asr_mv_se_f_1$loglik - asr_mv_se_f_testidobs$loglik), 1, lower.tail = FALSE)

## [1] 0.2030372

asr_mv_se_m_1 <- asreml(cbind(sprint, endurance) ~ trait +
  trait:(scale(svl) * assay_num) +
  at(trait,1):(trial_num),
  random =~ idh(trait, init=init_1re):id +
  us(trait):id_obs,
  rcov =~ units:indh(trait, init=init_1re),
  data = df_an_sc_m,
  maxiter = 200)

asr_mv_se_m_testidobs <- asreml(cbind(sprint, endurance) ~ trait +
  trait:(scale(svl) * assay_num) +
  at(trait,1):(trial_num),
  random =~ idh(trait, init=init_1re):id +
  idh(trait):id_obs,
  rcov =~ units:indh(trait, init=init_1re),
  data = df_an_sc_m,
  maxiter = 200)

pchisq(2*(asr_mv_se_m_1$loglik - asr_mv_se_m_testidobs$loglik), 1, lower.tail = FALSE)

## [1] 0.3430199

```

### Bite force / endurance

```

asr_mv_be_f_1 <- asreml(cbind(bite, endurance) ~ trait +
  at(trait,1):(scale(svl) * assay_num + trial_num) +
  at(trait,2):(scale(svl) + assay_num),
  random =~ idh(trait, init=init_1re):id +
  us(trait):id_obs,
  rcov =~ units:indh(trait, init=init_1re),
  data = df_an_sc_f,
  maxiter = 200)

asr_mv_be_f_testidobs <- asreml(cbind(bite, endurance) ~ trait +
  at(trait,1):(scale(svl) * assay_num + trial_num) +
  at(trait,2):(scale(svl) + assay_num),
  random =~ idh(trait, init=init_1re):id +
  idh(trait):id_obs,

```

```

rcov =~ units:indh(trait, init=init_1re),
data = df_an_sc_f,
maxiter = 200)

pchisq(2*(asr_mv_be_f_1$loglik - asr_mv_be_f_testidobs$loglik), 1, lower.tail = FALSE)

## [1] 0.06140437

```

## Plots

### Bivariate model plots

#### Female: bite v sprint

```

df_bs_f_coefs <- data_frame(Trait =attr(asr_mv_bs_f_1$coefficients$random, "names"),
                           Value = asr_mv_bs_f_1$coefficients$random) %>%
  separate(Trait,c("Trait","ID"), sep = ":") %>%
  filter(str_sub(ID,4,6) != "obs") %>%
  spread(Trait, Value)

df_bs_f_SE <- data_frame(Trait =attr(summary(asr_mv_bs_f_1,all=TRUE)$coef.random, "dimnames")[[1]],
                        SE =summary(asr_mv_bs_f_1,all=TRUE)$coef.random[, "std error"]) %>%
  separate(Trait, c("Trait","ID"), sep = ":") %>%
  filter(str_sub(ID,4,6) != "obs") %>%
  spread(Trait, SE) %>%
  rename(SE_bite = trait_bite,
         SE_sprint = trait_sprint)

df_bs_f_coefs <- left_join(df_bs_f_coefs,
                          df_bs_f_SE)

bs_f_slope <- as.numeric(nadiv:::pin(asr_mv_bs_f_1,
                                   slope ~ (V2/V1))$Estimate)

gg_bs_f <- ggplot(df_bs_f_coefs, aes(x = trait_bite, y = trait_sprint, group = ID)) +
  geom_errorbarh(aes(xmin = trait_bite - SE_bite,
                   xmax = trait_bite + SE_bite),
                alpha = 0.1) +
  geom_pointrange(aes(ymin = trait_sprint - SE_sprint,
                     ymax = trait_sprint + SE_sprint),
                 fatten = 1,
                 alpha = 0.1) +
  geom_point(colour = "grey30", alpha = 0.8) +
  geom_abline(intercept = 0, slope = bs_f_slope) +
  #xlim(-1.55,1.25) +
  labs(x = "Bite force (BLUP +/- SE)",
       y = "") +
  theme_classic()

```

## Male: bite v sprint

```
df_bs_m_coefs <- data_frame(Trait =attr(asr_mv_bs_m_1$coefficients$random, "names"),
                           Value = asr_mv_bs_m_1$coefficients$random) %>%
  separate(Trait,c("Trait","ID"), sep = ":") %>%
  filter(str_sub(ID,4,6) != "obs") %>%
  spread(Trait, Value)

df_bs_m_SE <- data_frame(Trait =attr(summary(asr_mv_bs_m_1,all=TRUE)$coef.random, "dimnames")[[1]],
                        SE =summary(asr_mv_bs_m_1,all=TRUE)$coef.random[,"std error"]) %>%
  separate(Trait, c("Trait","ID"), sep = ":") %>%
  filter(str_sub(ID,4,6) != "obs") %>%
  spread(Trait, SE) %>%
  rename(SE_bite = trait_bite,
         SE_sprint = trait_sprint)

df_bs_m_coefs <- left_join(df_bs_m_coefs,
                          df_bs_m_SE)

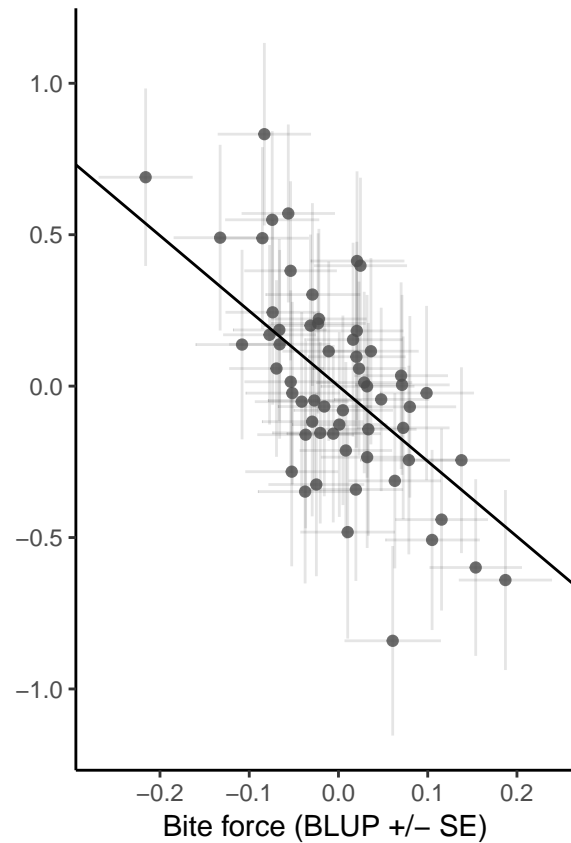
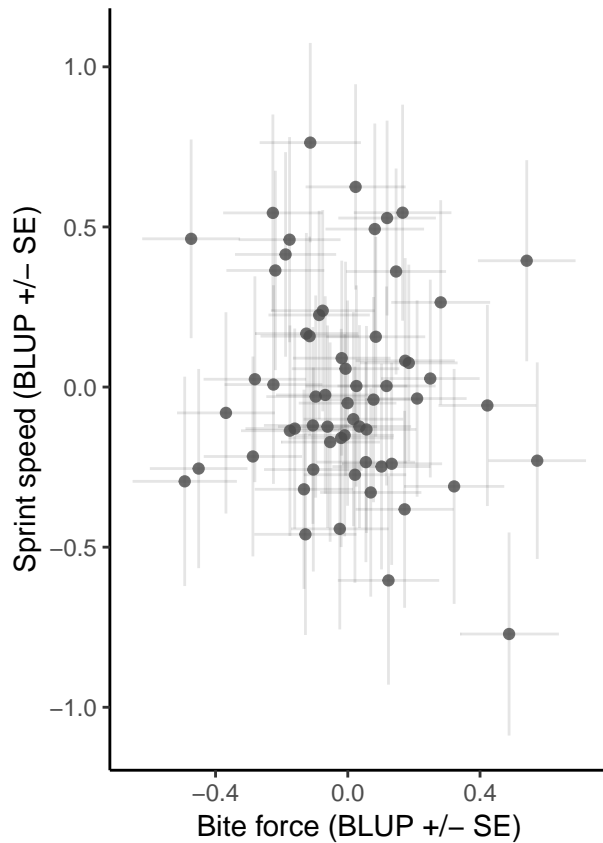
## Joining, by = "ID"
bs_m_slope <- as.numeric(nadiv:::pin(asr_mv_bs_m_1,
                                   slope ~ (V2/V1))$Estimate)

gg_bs_m <- ggplot(df_bs_m_coefs, aes(x = trait_bite, y = trait_sprint, group = ID)) +
  geom_errorbarh(aes(xmin = trait_bite - SE_bite,
                   xmax = trait_bite + SE_bite),
                alpha = 0.1) +
  geom_pointrange(aes(ymin = trait_sprint - SE_sprint,
                     ymax = trait_sprint + SE_sprint),
                 fatten = 1,
                 alpha = 0.1) +
  geom_point(colour = "grey30", alpha = 0.8) +
  #geom_abline(intercept = 0, slope = bs_m_slope) +
  #xlim(-1.55,1.25) +
  labs(x = "Bite force (BLUP +/- SE)",
       y = "Sprint speed (BLUP +/- SE)") +
  theme_classic()

library(gridExtra)

##
## Attaching package: 'gridExtra'
## The following object is masked from 'package:dplyr':
##
##   combine

gg_grid <- grid.arrange(gg_bs_m,
                       gg_bs_f,
                       ncol = 2)
```



```
gg_grid
```

```
## TableGrob (1 x 2) "arrange": 2 grobs
##   z     cells  name      grob
## 1 1 (1-1,1-1) arrange gtable[layout]
## 2 2 (1-1,2-2) arrange gtable[layout]
```

Save individual-level plots

```
library(gridExtra)

gg_grid <- grid.arrange(gg_bs_m,
                        gg_bs_f,
                        ncol = 2)

gg_grid

ggsave("BLUP_panels.png", gg_grid, height = 4, width = 9)

pdf(file = "BLUP_panels.pdf", width = 13, height = 6)
grid.arrange(gg_bs_m,
             gg_bs_f,
             ncol = 2)
dev.off()
```